The yew was first noted in *The Woolhope Papers* of 1894 in an article by Rev S Bentley: ‘The approach to Castle Frome church from the much higher ground of the Rectory, crosses near the churchyard the ancient trackway leading to the Castle Tump. The trackway surrounds the churchyard on its eastern and northern sides, assuming, upon its northern side, the character of a very deep moat, now dry. On the south side of the churchyard is a yew tree’.

In *The King’s England* 1938, Mee described it as a ‘fine yew’.

1998: The male yew grows SE of the church. Its clean bole is about 10’ in height. It is assumed that the heavy tombstones leaning against it will one day be removed. Its two main branches each enclose portions of the old dead branches they replace. At about 6’ a limb appears to be pulling away from the tree; this may at some later stage become detached and create two fragment yews. Foliage was thick and plentiful.

Around the lower bole are many examples of the characteristic shape that develops when new wood is laid down around the edge of spaces left following the removal of large branches.

I was told that when mysterious scratch marks began to appear on the bole, a watch was kept to discover the culprit. There was disappointment when it was discovered that culprit was only a dog.

Girth: 1894: ‘21ft in girth at the height of 5ft from the ground’.

Woolhope
1998: Exactly 21’ at 1’ and 23’ at 3’ - Tim Hills
The photos on this page were taken by Geoff Garlick in May 2006

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