

Church guide: 'The church is dedicated to All Saints which is indicative of a Saxon origin and this conjecture is strengthened by the probability that standing on a rise it would be chosen as a place of worship in those times. The site may well be prehistoric as a sacred place'. The entrance to Hersmonceaux castle is opposite the church gate.

1855: In *Hastings, past and present* Mary Matilda Howard wrote that 'It is towards yonder ancient yew that one is naturally attracted first, partly because it is so ancient, partly because under it sleeps Julius Charles Hare, twenty-two years rector of this parish. Near to it also lie other members of the Hare family'.

In his 1863 *Handbook for travellers in Kent and Sussex*, R.J.King described a cluster of tomb crosses 'under the great churchyard yew'.

In 1895 we find that 'The two main stems have been long killed through being broken by a storm....It cannot be much beyond the half-century since the top was broken'.

7th July 1999: The huge yew, SE of the church, is an outpouring of thick branches above a swollen bole hidden behind elder, nettles and its own vertical twiggy growth.



Girth: 1835: 218 cm diameter - *Gentleman's magazine*

1855: 'There is in the churchyard a yew of large dimensions, measuring at a height of three feet from the ground, 22 feet 6 inches in circumference.' *Hastings Past and Present*

1894: 30' at 3' - Lowe

1997: 243 cm diameter @1.1m and a height of 12m - Owen Johnson *The Sussex Tree Book*

1999 31' 9" close to the ground - Tim Hills